NNJ-0033









The Newark Redevelopment and Housing Authority

1974 Annual Report





The Newark Redevelopment and Housing Authority

1974 Annual Report

Robert Notte
Executive Director
Hugh Hill
Deputy Executive Direct
Earl Phillips
Director of Housing
Robert Aprea

Vacant land in the central region of the city has become an important asset, as a enhances greatly the potential for future development of high quality.

Board of Commissioners



PEARL BEATTY
Commissioner and Chairperson

Executive Secretary,
The Insurance Fund Commis



JAMES CUNDARI Commissioner and Vice Chairman

Attorney at Law and Chairman of the Board.

Chairman of the Board, North Ward Educational & Cultural Commission



C. RICHARD FIORE Commissioner and Treasurer

Private Property Tax Investigator and Director of Recreation Newark Poard of Education



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Physician



MILLARD E. TERRELL Commissioner

Inspector United States Air Force



ROBERT NOTTE Secretary to the Board Executive Director of The Authority

1974

Accomplishment And Crisis

The past year was one of both accomplethment and crisis for the Redevelopment and Housing. Authority of Newark. It was a year of many developments, but two above all were of far reaching importance to the Authority and the entire city. One of these was the announcement that a new federal grant of \$41 million has been made to the city's urban redevelopment program. The second largest such grant ever to go to any American city. The other was the amouncement of the court ordered such grant ever to go to any American city. The other was the amouncement of a court ordered as settlement which provided for the termination of the first Stella Windin Homes.

We grant of \$41 million, announced in Washington by Rev Peter W. Rodrion, Jr., whose congressional district includes most of Newark, and by Mayor Kenneth A. Gibson, signals a dramatic new turn of events in the city's struggle to overcome is problems and push for vieward to new progress. Coming as at dose after a five year penod in which no new Geral assistance to Newark's urban redevelopment program was forthcoming for the grant high parts file years for a new ears in the

Federal grants, which are made by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), represent only the tip of the scaberg in the urban renewal process. They make it possible to buy, clear, and deliver to developers the land on which vital new facilities for the NewArk of the Youte will be located. In this instance, there are specific pairs for the use of virtually all of the money which has been granted to Newark. It is expected that scendilling more than \$250 million in new housing, will spring forth in Newark through the use of this new grant.

In keeping with the precept that the most pressing needs for Newark and its people are good housing and jobs which provide income, the largest portion of the new funds will be devoted to the development of quality housing and the construction of new industrial facilities in Newark's Industrial Meadowlands.

This Authority, in cooperation with the city Administration of Mayor Kennerh A. Gibbon and the business community of the city, had worked to come seathering priorities for the sulfization of the grant. The new funds will be distributed to the various urban ranewal projects in the city approximately as follows: Newark's Industrial to the project in the Figh Street area. S J or Hillon the Project in the Figh Street area. S J or Hillon the Newark Plaza project, 38 million; the Lower Clarton Hill neighborhood project. 32 million; the Old Princi Ward project. 38 million. The ramander of the grant, in secondarine with submessaries of HUD, is

Newark's urban rebuilding program, which had been one of the most successful in the nation, as now moving forward again with lorse and direction. Certainly, the program has not been at an expension of the program had been at an extension of the program had been at a program had

But Newark could start on nothing new without the infusion of new funds from HUD, devoted to the furtherance of new projects. The \$41 million grant provides that new financial support.

The Stella Wright Homes settlement, as detailed in the federal court decision which officially terminated the rent strike, shows that all the major parties involved in the public housing programersidents, the Authority, and HUD—can cooperate and solve the problems affecting the program. The key elements of the settlement provide for residents.

involvement in the management of their development, the influsion of new federal money—\$1.3 million of HUD funds for non-capital expenditures, such as repairs and maintenance—and the payment of book and future rents.

The rent strike settlement was issued in the form of a court order by Federal District Court Judge Frederick Lacey. In his opinion.

Judge Lacey stated:

"In the public low-income housing context ... a tenant's refusal to pay rent ... makes little sense. If anything, it serves only to make the

"This is the lesson of Stella Wright. It is a bitter lesson which was hard-learned, but one from which we can well profit. The concept of the rent strike in low income housing requires recoveringtion. The court does not berceive

it as a viable method . . . "
It is this "lesson" which may have the most effect on the future of the nation's public housing

The Stella Wright settlement marks the beginning of the revitalization of Newark's public housing. The close cooperation which has developed between the Newark Tenants Council, representing public housing residents, and the Authority, indicates that the Stella Wright decision will serve as a catalyst to overcome problems in other housing developments. The federal government has shown an increased degree of concern by creating the Target Project Program (TPP), disbursing funds through HUD to specific local housing authorities. These funds, of which the Authority will receive approximately \$1.5 million, may be utilized to deal with such areas as tenant security, building conditions, vandalism, and resident/management relations. In addition, the State of New Jersey has become closely involved with the public housing program in Newark by providing an operating

subsidy to the turnkey development for senior citizens at Bergen and Rose Streets.

These new developments insure a high standard of quality for public housing, both in social

The Authority has also taken measures to increase the procutuity and efficiency of list staff in addition to instituting a new system of management-by-objective (M80). The Authority has designed mentioned the control of the control

The Authority has also expanded its use of modern data processing lochniques to control the flow of routine work within the Authority and to assist in routine administrative and managerial

Our future efforts are now dedicated to demonstrating that the year just completed marked an important turning point for the Authority and for Newark. It is our belief that Newark's best years lie ahead, and that we have a large share of the responsibility for insuring the realization of the city's coals.

Pend Brutty Rober lotto

Executive Director



Housing Development

Housing in all its forms represents the heart of this agency's program. Newsyls's need for new an Deter housing is as grast, proportionally, as that of any only in America. Newsyls's action program to meet its housing needs suppasses what is tering done in most other large critics. Since 1960, some 2,532 units of new housing in low, moderate and motile income ranges totalling more than \$50.3 million in value, have been constructed in Newsris. As of September 20, 1974, some 947 new units, worth \$48.8 million, not seen than \$40.5 million in value, have been constructed in Newsris. As expenditure of September 20, 1974, some 947 new units, worth \$48.8 million, not seen than \$40.5 million in value, have been constructed in Newsris.







Residents enjoy varied life styles at Stephen Crane Village (opposite page, and above left), Mr. Calvary Homes (below left), and Bazter Terrace high rise apartments for the elderly (above right).

Housing Development Takes Many Forms:

- Turnkey Construction. Under this method a successful bidder is assigned the full job of designing and building a development, which is turned over to the Authority only after completion according to all specifications.
- "Purchase-Rehab" Housing. New or existing structures are purchased by the Authority under this program. The Authority then rehabilitates these homes and makes them available for rental.
- Leased Housing. The Authority leases apartments or houses from private owners and makes them available to moderate or low income families.
- Section 236. This provision of the U.S. Housing Act provides for the construction of moderate or middle income housing on urban renewal land by non-profit sponsors such as community groups and non-profit corporations.

The Authority no longer develops high-riss, high-density housing as a standard public housing for low-income families But highrise public housing is being developed for the elderly, for whom such projects are successfully operated at several locations in Newark.







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Industrial Development



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Newar: we most major ordes suffered a significant loss of manufacturing in the years to lowing World Wart. The Redevelopment and Housing Authority, with the support of the Newark Economic Diver opment Corporation and the city administration has led a vigorous ountierattics on the problem through the creation and development of Newark's Industrial Medicine Medicine Marchael Propertium Library and California and Service of the problem to t

Newark's Industrial Masdowands project has yielded he wards Several new facilities the most prominent of which is the big new fleat Toy Company part have sprouted within this project area at Junder the auspices of the renewal process Dozens of others are in various stages or planning and will come to ready in the months and years aneating.

Developers are attracted to this area not only because of its advantageous location, but also because of its access bit by to a vast labor market and because of the availability under urban renewal legislation of tax incentives. This proport sone of Newark's most powerful long-run assets

Commercial Development



Downtown Newarks is the business and financel coptial of New Jersey. With Lare needs) artiset the eigenfactor miler a basin and registrations with estate, the word is largest the injurance company and a second file injurance company recognized among the instension streamost Asso heads, altered here are one of the principal telephone operating companies of the Bell System the largest at the younger promoting the promoting the promoting the argest at the younger promoting the promo

The city's served by one of the word's best and most modern rifer national arports by a major seaport complex which has become the center of activity for the Port of New York and New Jorsey by the world's targest container shipping port and by a combined rail and highway network which a unrailed amost anywhere in the world.

I he urban renewal process has hade a strong contribution to the continuing vitaity of this centre of economic activity, providing land and technical backup needed for some of the most speciacular downtown developments in Newark during recent years. The Gatteway complex and the Blue Cross Bullation are among the most repent and prominent of these.

This Authority is actively involved in the effort to bring to reality





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Public Housing Management

Public Housing by its very nature tends to concentrate at single locations the whole range of human problems which as st within our society. This Authority, is other housing authorities seeks to deal with these problems with the averable resources.

in Newark over a pend of years, conditions deteriorated at a number of the high rise public housing developments. It was in this climate of physical deterioration of certain burdings, coupled with incrimerous social problems that a rent strike was inhated severally years ago by residents who contained that the Authority was not inspecting, adequate to their penetry.

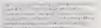
The rest strike which was centered at the Stella Wight Homes but which involved a significant humber of residents at two other man or high rise project in the cty greatly exacerbated the overall problem. Faced with reduced noome the Authority was paced in a position where that no further means to respond to the increasing office the authority of the formatting of the formatter of the property.

A sense of court actions some interest by the readents others by the Authority our mated in July 1974 in a settlement of the long and debilishing rent strike. The settlement was in the form of an order our recturg that the striking readents pay rent in full and that the Authority, with new financial backing from HUD enclassivity to correct unassisted on conditions. This settlement was achieved in part by the patient and constructive efforts of Mayor Kenneth A. Gloson, it is designed to serve as the basis for a greatly improved environment for the residents of out o nousing in Newark.

The court order recognizes specifically next it is not possible for government to provide public indusing without the income derived from rent even if authorized it recognized as in the next to seek litable ways of bringing startless to the tenantial cloward that objective them was instituted immediately following the court order an innovative transit management program. The program great the tenants at direct rive in the program. The program great the tenants at direct rive in the first income and the order to the response oblight for its seasons.

The Authorsh has begun the implementation of this program at Stella Winghi Homes with high hopes for its success. As an experimental effort of great is grindsinger, it will be closely watched both by HUD and by municipal officials in clies around the nation.











A Center of Higher Education

Downtown Newark today is enriched by the vibrancy of ife on the cam puses of major and respected institutions of higher learning. Approximately 26 600 students attended to asset adely at these institutions.

The contiguous new canduses of Ruigers. The State University in Newerk, and Newark Codego of Engine neing were developed privough the urban renewal process. Selon Hall University Law School operaties presidently in the Continuation of the Continu

The New Jersey College of Medicine and Dentistry also has a permanent campus under construction on Johan renews, and in the heart of the Central Warry, while it functions in temporary facilities.

A Center of Medicine



Newark Coday has more Institute hospitals and medical centers than a most any of its general size in America. This is due in part to the development of such fact less during recent years in part to the development of such fact less during recent years under the union reviewed program Spochosity the said steeled primant of the New Jersey College of Medicine and Dentistry on 50 acres in the Central Ward and the contribution of a new building for SIT Michael s Hospital both redevelopment projects in her centrely referred Newarks in each in Insururus.

These redeve opment projects together with major building expansion work at Beth Israel Columbus St. James and United Hospitals, all within the city have made Newark a leading center of medical facilities.





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Planning for the Future

The Authority regards a arming for the full-or as one of its or use research to the first the state of the first that are so one of

These factors will increase considerably the scope of the Authority's involvement in the life of Newark

The \$60.8 million apport and to Newark under this act is to be utilized for continuing a ready existing programs, and is in addition to the \$41 million granted this year by HUD for use in moving forward with new tuhan redevelopment work.

Even that portion of the program perstaning to existing projects however will generate some important involvations. For examine a substantial subsidy, an included to provide low income families this opportunit to move into developments with moderate or middle unioned families instead of segregating these low income families in concentrations of high rise build in the program of the provided in t

Another important facet of the Authority's future planning program commissions potential developers and designers to supmit plans for the

One such design is sum that by Pictri's R that Associates Inc. erms one the future development of mell would be a 1 cating city running approximately, from the area of Lincoln Park, south over the meadowlands as lar as the complex of Ingrivaye, eacing into Newark. A riport It tell from is onary plans such as this tithractic young the Concrete examines of Specifical, air progress as emitted out in the many

A more productive relationship as on a growing between the Authority and the State of New Jersey. The State Department of Community, Affairs a providing a delicit operating subset, for a new furney elderly housing project coated at Bergan and Rose Streets. This subsety the first of skind may serve as a mode for a new cooperative relationship between the state and local housing or server services.

Summary Data . . . Urban Renewal Projects September 30, 1974

Project Project No Name		Total Acres	Clear- ance Acres	Majo Before UR	Dwelling Units Before UR After UR		
UHCN 1	Rearich Brook	20.4	2.2	Resident at	Residentia	798	560
RN 32	Broad St eet	226	144	Residental	Fres dentia	465	€80
N. R 6	O Ihird Ward	204 2	1292	Resid Comm	Res d P .b Comm	3 446	4 803
N. R 32	Centra Ward	942	€4.8	Res 1 Comm nd ,5	Resid Publindus Comm	758	2 361
N, 11 3B	Lower Clinton H	78 a	155	Resd Pub Comm	Resid Pub	910	467
N. R 45	Newark Colleges Expansion	57.0	33.9	Residentia	Public	76	0
N,R41	is i Street	12.9	6.8	Commerc a	Resid Comm	66	429
N F150	Educational Center	23.7	28	Commerc al	P ib c	36	
N H 52	outh Broad	35.6	24.6	Comm Resid	Resid Comm	521	912
N) P 58	Newark Plaza	50 9	233	Comm nd .s	Commercia	26	n
NJR 62	Essex Heights	47.3	3 5	Resid ('omm	Pub c Comm	786	0
N R 72	Farmo int	84 B	49.7	Resd P.b	Resid Pub Cummindus	1 406	64,
N. R-121	Industrial River	1 528 5	484 5	ndus-Comm	Indus Comm	201	0
N B 123	S Benedicts	35.0	17.4	Commerc a	Publindus CommiRes	2.16	3.0
N R 141	Essex Heights 2nd Stage	14.0	96	Resid Comm	Commerc a	25	
NJ R 156	St. Michaer's	3 7	3 6	Comm-Pub	Pubic	44	0
NJ R 196	Medicai Center	54.2	47.8	Residential	Pubic	1 234	0
		2 367 2	9816			14 334	11 212

Original Taxes	Present Taxes	Est. Future Taxes	Federal Grant 000's	City Share 000's	Sta Planning	itus Execution	Value of Det To Date	velopment Est. Total	Project No.
100,000	223,342	223,342	2,304	1,151	-Com	pleted -	13,015,780	13,015,780	UR NJ 3-1
88,000	331,401	431,401	2,970	1,483	-Com	pleted-	7.935,422	8,935,422	UR NJ 3-2
1.069,659	951,525	1,967,525	36,110	4,268	1-31-56	2-5-60	39,402,000	85,537,000	NJ R-6
717,281	223,883	889.883	18,403	2,397	10-10-60	7-22-66		48,555,722	NJ R-32
497,330	955,579	1,105,579	6,201	1.043	1-15-59	9-29-61	8,895,000	10,895,000	NJ R-38
292,413	13.014	13,014	10,525	5,446	-Com	pleted-	44,691,700	44,874,411	NJ R-45
202,261	263,709	293,709	5,060	2,366	12-23-59	9-7-61	8,375,408	12,054,087	NJ R-49
446,687	449,475	449,475	4,116	856	7-17-63	12-16-63	3,057,488	6,236,480	NJ R-50
298,153	284,517	344.517	9,032	5,019	4-13-60	9-1-61	21,247,329	29,677.000	NJ R-52
586,252	1,919,359	2,056,759	11,950	4,755	7-23-63	12-26-63	57,861,011	67,399,723	NJ R-58
312,888	25,112	425,112	14,232	4,446	10-7-60	8-14-62	39,304,692	42,238,180	NJ R-62
442,842	55,286	415,286	18,537	14,292	6-6-63	6-16-65	27,947,256	31,109,594	NJ R-72
2,878,805	5,929,639	9,609,639	37,161	12,153	6-20-63	10-14-66	15,722,429	800,886,512	NJ R-121
837,283	964,483	1,190,483	12,107	3,116	7-17-63	1-6-66		15.136,309	NJ R-123
148,267	220,910	760,910	4,089	1,254	10-12-64	Suspended		16,742,925	NJ R-141
25,075	7,925	7.925	1,584	472	-Com	pleted-	6,708,100	6,868,150	NJ R-156
402,118	Exempt	Exempt	18,116	5,974	1-18-67	4-15-68	133,940,811	213,025,565	NJ R-196
9.345,314	12,819,159	20.184,559	212,497	70,491			428,104,426	1,453,187,860	

Dwelling Units

Average act of income used for rent

Public Housing Statistical Data September 30, 1974

Average income \$4,284 \$3,054 Average rent (utilities included) \$ 66 \$ 52	\$5,230 \$ 72	
All Families Elderly	Non-Elderly	
Total Whate Whate Spannel-speaking Spannel-s	11,049 100.01 2,508 22.77 7,585 687 4,684 42,44 4,684 42,44 4,684 42,44 1,684 42,44 1,684 42,44 1,684 42,44 1,684 42,44 1,684 43,44 1,684	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Total Male Female White Spanish-speaking Spanish-speaking Spanish-speaking Elderl (aged 50 or over) In termine receiving public welfare In termine receiving public welfare	32,560 100.01 13,192 40.51 19,368 59,37 12,11 24,340 74.81 4,283 13.11 17,638 54.11 4,938 15,21 16,177 49,71	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
Currently under management Designed exclusively for dictory and disabled families Approved pending construction (large scattersite units) Under Construction (elderly units) Persons	2,746 366 206	

18%

2 9 persons 1.5 persons 4.1 persons

16%

20%

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The Newark Redevelopment and Housing Authority

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